1 - KEESLER BRIDGE
Fulton Street
This wonderful example of a steel truss design was constructed in 1924-1925 and named in honor of then-president of the Leflore County Board of Supervisors, General S.R. Keesler, who was instrumental in the creation of the bridge. The bridge was designed to retain its central panel in order to allow traffic to pass. The central panel encloses a smaller panel between two piers. A position bridge erected in 1899 was the predecessor bridge erected in 1890. The Keesler Bridge is listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1989, and the massive renovation of the bridge in 2002 earned a 2004 Award of Merit from the Mississippi Heritage Trust.

2 - GWIN LAW OFFICE
313 West Market Street
This was the law office of the local building. It is one of the oldest buildings in downtown Greenwood. The exact age of this building is not certain, but a building has stood on this site since 1877. In 1912, the building was used for a number of attorneys as an office, and it continues in that service today.

3 - LEFLORE COUNTY COURTHOUSE
306 West Market Street
The original courthouse was built in 1905-1906, after a design by R. H. Hunt, and is an example of Neo-Classical architecture in white Alabama limestone. In 1926, an addition was made using the designs of Frank R. McGeoy. The building was added to the National Register of Historic Places in 1989.

4 - CONFEDERATE MEMORIAL BUILDING
215 Henderson Street
The J. Z. George Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy and Woman's Club of Greenwood erected this building in 1911. The building is one of only two Confederate Memorial Buildings built in the United States and is the only designated War Memorial building. It was listed on the National Register of Historic Places.

5 - PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS BUILDING
101 West Washington Street
This wonderful old building was designed by architect Frank R. McGeoy for the Wilson Banking Company. Constructed in 1917, the bank was closed during the Great Depression. It reopened as Leflore Bank and Trust Company and was later acquired by Deposit Guaranty, who closed the building in the 1980s. It was wonderfully restored by Planters Bank and Trust Company in 1997.

6 - IMMACULATE HEART OF MARY CATHOLIC CHURCH
511 West Washington Street
The church was organized in 1901, and built on land donated by John Schram. In 1924, brick veneer was installed on the exterior. A bell tower, new roof, central heating, an organ, and a new altar were also added. In 1936, hardwood floors were added. In 1951, the present stained glass windows were added.

7 - FIRST UNITED METHODIST CHURCH
310 West Washington Street
This building is one of Mississippi's most outstanding examples of Romanesque Revival architecture. It was designed by Frank R. McGeoy. First United Methodist Church was added to the National Register of Historic Places in 1977.

8 - WHITTINGTON DRY GOODS BUILDING
211 Fulton Street
This building was erected in 1926, and originally housed Whitington Drugs & Hardware Company. Whitington Cooperative Association was reorganized in 1971 as the first cooperative of its kind in the state. Today, the store markets many items almost worldwide, and all its goods come from the South. This building is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. The 1912 facade of the original Bank of Commerce is preserved next door and forms a striking entrance for their offices.

9 - STAPLCOTT
214 West Market Street
This building was erected in 1940, and originally housed Lewis & Harwood Hardware Company. Staplcott Cooperative Association was reorganized in 1971 as the first cooperative of its kind in the state. Today, the store markets many items almost worldwide, and all its goods come from the South. This building is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. The 1912 facade of the original Bank of Commerce is preserved next door and forms a striking entrance for their offices.

10 - PLANTERS BANK
132 Second Street
This wonderful old building was designed by architect Frank R. McGeoy for the Wilson Banking Company. Constructed in 1917, the bank was closed during the Great Depression. It reopened as Leflore Bank and Trust Company and was later acquired by Deposit Guaranty, who closed the building in the 1980s. It was wonderfully restored by Planters Bank and Trust Company in 1997.

11 - BANK OF GREENWOOD BUILDING
115 Second Street
This building was erected as the Bank of Greenwood around 1890. The bank operated here until changing its name to First National Bank, at which time a new facility was built across the street. The old library building was designated a Mississippi Landmark by the Mississippi Department of Archives & History in 1988.

12, 13, 14 - COTTON ROW HISTORIC DISTRICT
4-5 Old Greenwood Public Library
408 West Washington Street
An excellent example of the Jacobethan Style, this building was constructed in 1912 and was originally housed by Henderson & Baird Hardware Company. Staplcott Cooperative Association was reorganized in 1971 as the first cooperative of its kind in the state. Today, the store markets many items almost worldwide, and all its goods come from the South. This building is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. This is a wonderful example of the Cotton Row Historic District where many of the once vibrant buildings that composed the Cotton Row Historic District were vacant or dilapidated. Greenwood native Fred Carl Jr., founder, CEO and President of Viking Range Corporation, began buying the historic

15 - OLD GREENWOOD PUBLIC LIBRARY
408 West Washington Street
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18 - FIRST UNITED METHODIST CHURCH
310 West Washington Street
This building is one of Mississippi's most outstanding examples of Romanesque Revival architecture. It was designed by Frank R. McGeoy. First United Methodist Church was added to the National Register of Historic Places in 1977.

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The map was a project of the Greenwood-Leflore Chamber of Commerce.

e-mail: greenwoodmainstr@bellsouth.net

The city's first substantial post office. It was designated a Mississippi Landmark in 1996. The building presently houses the administrative offices of the Greenwood Municipal School District.

20 - FOUNTAIN'S

201 Howard Street

This building was originally constructed in 1912, this building was Mississippi's largest department store. The building now houses Mississippi Gift Company, 401 Howard Street

21 - OLD FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

310 Howard Street

This building was originally constructed as the First National Bank of Franklin, Louisiana, and moved to Greenwood in 1921, where it was saved from destruction in the 1920s. It was designated a Mississippi Landmark in 1997.

22 - GARLAND'S

314 Howard Street

Garland's was established in 1916 by J. Garland and was a live and well restaurant.

23 - THE ALLIOTVIL MUNICIPAL BUILDING

310 Howard Street

The building was constructed in 1917 and expanded to 300 rooms in the 1940s. The building is closed to the public and the last building to be purchased by the city.

24 - THE LORRAINE BUILDING

315-325 Howard Street

This building was constructed in 1930 and continues to serve in its original role. The building was designated a Mississippi Landmark in 1983 and a National Register of Historic Places

25 - EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF THE NATIVITY

250 Main Street

This building was constructed in 1846, and served as a schoolhouse until the 1860s. The building was designated a Mississippi Landmark in 1995.

26 - OLD GREENWOOD POST OFFICE

400 Howard Street

This building was constructed in 1880. Its architectural style is Italianate and it is one of five architecturally significant buildings in the region designed by R. A. Archer of Tennessee. Its architectural style is Neo-Classical Revival. It was designated a Mississippi Landmark by the Mississippi Department of Archives and History in 2002.

27 - EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF THE NATIVITY

315-325 Howard Street

This building was constructed in 1930 and continues to serve in its original role. The building was designated a Mississippi Landmark in 1983 and a National Register of Historic Places

28 - OLD GREENWOOD HIGH SCHOOL

317-325 Howard Street

This building was constructed in 1924 and was known as Greenwood's finest school buildings. The building was designated a Mississippi Landmark in 2008.

29 - C. E. WRIGHT HOUSE “DAISYE”

314 Howard Street

The C. E. Wright House was constructed in 1917 and expanded to 100 rooms in the 1940s. The building was designated a Mississippi Landmark in 1997.

30 - FIRE STATION #1

507 Howard Street

The fire station was constructed in 1892 by the city of Greenwood. It was designated a Mississippi Landmark in 1993 and is located on the National Register of Historic Places.

31 - SOUTHERN RAILWAY DEPOT

800 Howard Street

This train station was constructed in 1880. Its architectural style is Gothic Revival. It is one of five architecturally significant buildings in the region designed by R. A. Archer of Tennessee. Its architectural style is Neo-Classical Revival.

32 - WESLEY UNITED METHODIST CHURCH

200 Main Street

This building was constructed in 1870 and is one of five architecturally significant buildings in the region designed by R. A. Archer of Tennessee. Its architectural style is Gothic Revival.

33 - YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY RAILWAY STATION

506 Carrollton Avenue

This station was constructed in 1918 and replaced a wooden structure that had served from the time the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley line was built in 1886. Later a part of the Illinois Central System, the station is now a museum.

34 - WALKING TOUR / STATE GARDEN CLUB HEADQUARTERS

414 Fulton

This building was constructed in 1911 and was replaced with a new structure that housed the Boll Weevil Museum. It now houses the Mississippi Garden Museum.

35 - MAIN STREET

101 West Market Street

This building was constructed in 1880. Its architectural style is Gothic Revival. It is one of five architecturally significant buildings in the region designed by R. A. Archer of Tennessee. Its architectural style is Neo-Classical Revival.

36 - WHITTINGTON HOME / STATE GARDEN CLUB HEADQUARTERS

414 Fulton

This building was constructed in 1921. A local architect, Frank R. McGeoy, designed it. The church was organized in 1870, shortly after the founding of Greenwood. It was designated a Mississippi Landmark in 1993.

37 - THE GREENWOOD OPERA HOUSE

323 Howard Street

This building was originally constructed in 1916 by the Lincoln Opera Company. It was the last building to be purchased by the city.

38 - THE FROST COMPANY

200 Main Street

This building was constructed in 1911 and is one of five architecturally significant buildings in the region designed by R. A. Archer of Tennessee. Its architectural style is Neo-Classical Revival.

39 - THE GOODYEAR BUILDING

319-321 Howard Street

This building was constructed in 1916 and was one of the city’s most impressive public buildings. It is listed on the National Register of Historic Places.

40 - E.K. MYRICK BUILDING

317 Howard Street

This building was constructed in 1919 and was one of the city’s most impressive public buildings. It is listed on the National Register of Historic Places.

41 - FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

400 Cotton Street

This building was constructed in 1912 and was known as Greenwood’s finest school buildings. It is listed on the National Register of Historic Places.

42 - THE MULFUS BUILDING

200 Main Street

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323 Howard Street

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